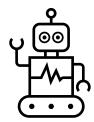
RIVER DELL REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



Content: STEM Course: Robotics Alignment: 2020 NJSLS BOE Born On: August 21, 2023

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Introduction

In this elective course students will learn, through the use of robotics, about high level programming languages (in particular Java), the Engineering process, and the importance of communicating their ideas and results to others.

Mission

River Dell's curricula is designed to promote student achievement through the development of college and career readiness skills with a focus on equal access, inclusivity, and students' individuality. The mission of the curriculum is to prepare students to live and to work in a global society as active citizens and as contributing responsible community members. The program outlined in this curriculum engages students in broad-based, experiential learning that will enhance the development of critical thinking, communication, and analytical/relational skills. This curriculum is constructed to meet students at their developmental level and to support their progression through varied levels of engagement, skill attainment, exploration, inquiry, and analysis assisting them to mature into their authentic selves.

Vision

To succeed in this course, students will have to learn self awareness, relationship skills required for working in a group setting, responsible decision making, and self management in regards to their collaborative Robotic projects/designs.

Scope and Sequence

Overall:

Unit 1: Introductory Programming (10 Weeks) Unit 2: Robot Drivetrain (4 Weeks) Unit 3: Robot Interactions with its Surroundings (10 Weeks) Unit 4: Capstone Competition (16 Weeks)

Technology

Technology integration is the seamless and effective use of 21st Century technology within an instructional setting to support students and teachers in the learning process with administrative support and evaluation:

Standards 8.1 Computer Science

• Computer Science, previously a strand entitled 'Computational Thinking: Programming' in standard 8.2 of the 2014 NJSLS-Technology, outlines a comprehensive set of concepts and skills, such as data and analysis, algorithms and programming, and computing systems.

Standard 8.2 Design Thinking

• This standard, previously standard 8.2 Technology Education of the 2014 NJSLS – Technology, outlines the technological design concepts and skills essential for technological and engineering literacy. The new framework design, detailed previously, includes Engineering Design, Ethics and Culture, and the Effects of Technology on the Natural world among the disciplinary concepts.

New Jersey Administrative Code Summary and Statues:

The following sections outline skills and special categories mandated by the state of New Jersey for all K-12 curriculum.

Integration of 21st Century Skills and Themes and Interdisciplinary Connections

District Boards of Education shall be responsible for the review and continuous improvement of curriculum and instruction based upon changes in knowledge, technology, assessment results, and modifications to the NJSLS, according to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-2.

- 1. District Boards of Education shall include interdisciplinary connections throughout the K–12 curriculum.
- 2. District Boards of Education shall integrate into the curriculum 21st Century themes and skills (N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.1(c). Twenty-first Century themes and skills integrated into all content standards areas (N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.1(a)3).

"Twenty-first Century themes and skills" means themes such as global awareness; financial, economic, business, and entrepreneurial literacy; civic literacy; health literacy; learning and innovation skills, including creativity and innovation, critical thinking and problem solving, communication and collaboration; information, media, technology skills; and life and career skills, including flexibility and adaptability, initiative and self-direction, social and cross-cultural skills, productivity and accountability, and leadership and responsibility

Dissection Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.25 and N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.24 authorizes parents or guardians to assert the right of their children to refuse to dissect, vivisect, incubate, capture or otherwise harm or destroy animals or any parts thereof as part of a course of instruction.

Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88 Every Board of Education shall incorporate the information regarding the contributions of African Americans to our country in an appropriate place in the curriculum of elementary and secondary school students.

Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28 Every Board of Education shall include instruction on the Holocaust and genocides in an appropriate place in the curriculum of all elementary and secondary school pupils. The instruction shall further emphasize the personal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism and hatred whenever and wherever it happens.

LGBT and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35 A Board of Education shall include instruction on the political, economic, and social contributions of persons with disabilities and lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people, in an appropriate place in the curriculum of middle school and high school students as part of the district's implementation of the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (N.J.S.A.18A:35-4.36). A Board of Education shall have policies and procedures in place pertaining to the selection of instructional materials to implement the requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35.

Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: N.J.S.A. S4021 This will ensure that the contributions, history, and heritage of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders (AAPI) are included in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Social Studies for students in kindergarten through Grade 12.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills (NJSLS-CLKS):

- Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy: This standard outlines the important fiscal knowledge, habits, and skills that must be mastered for students to make informed decisions about personal finance. Financial literacy is an integral component of a student's college and career readiness, enabling students to achieve fulfilling, financially secure, and successful careers.
- Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training. This standard outlines the importance of being knowledgeable about one's interests and talents, and being well informed about postsecondary and career options, career planning, and career requirements.
- Standard 9.3 This standard outlines what students should know and be able to do upon completion of a CTE Program of Study.

• Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills. This standard outlines key literacies and technical skills such as critical thinking, global and cultural awareness, and technology literacy* that are critical for students to develop to live and work in an interconnected global economy.

Climate Change (This will be modified based off of content)

Standards in Action: Climate Change Earth's climate is now changing faster than at any point in the history of modern civilization, primarily as a result of human activities. Global climate change has already resulted in a wide range of impacts across New Jersey and in many sectors of its economy. The addition of academic standards that focus on climate change is important so that all students will have a basic understanding of the climate system, including the natural and human-caused factors that affect it. The underpinnings of climate change span across physical, life, as well as Earth and space sciences. The goal is for students to understand climate science to inform decisions that improve quality of life for themselves, their community, globally and to know how engineering solutions can allow us to mitigate impacts, adapt practices, and build resilient systems.

The topic of climate change can easily be integrated into science classes. At each grade level in which systems thinking, managing uncertainty, and building arguments based on multiple lines of data are included, there are opportunities for students to develop essential knowledge and skills that will help them understand the impacts of climate change on humans, animals, and the environment. For example, in the earlier grades, students can use data from firsthand investigations of the school-yard habitat to justify recommendations for design improvements to the school-yard habitat for plants, animals, and humans. In the middle grades, students use resources from New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), to inform their actions as they engage in designing, testing, and modifying an engineered solution to mitigate the impact of climate change on their community. In high school, students can construct models they develop of a proposed solution to mitigate the negative health effects of unusually high summer temperatures resulting from heat islands in cities across the globe and share in the appropriate setting.

	Unit I: Introductory Programming (10 Weeks)
Core Ideas	A computing system involves interaction among the user, hardware, application software, and system software. Successful troubleshooting of complex problems involves multiple approaches including research, analysis, reflection, interaction with peers, and drawing on past experiences. Choices individuals make about how and where data is organized and stored affects cost, speed, reliability, accessibility, privacy and integrity. Complex programs are designed as systems of interacting modules, each with a specific role, coordinating for a common overall purpose. Modules allow for better management of complex tasks.
Essential Questions	What strategies can I use to become a more effective problem solver? How do computers help people solve problems? How do people and computers approach problems differently?
Enduring Understanding	Multiple levels of abstraction are used to write programs or create other computational artifacts. Computing facilitates exploration and the discovery of connections in information. Computing enables people to use creative development processes to create computational artifacts for creative expressions or to solve a problem.
Practice	 Collaborating around computing design Recognizing and defining computational problems
Performance Expectations	 Compare the functions of application software, system software, and hardware. Develop guidelines that convey systemic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. Design and iteratively develop computational artifacts for practical intent, personal expression, or to address a societal issue. Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis using consructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects. Create artifacts by using procedures within a program, combinations of data and procedures, or independent but interrelated programs. Evaluate and refine computational artifacts to make them more usable and accessible.

NJ Standards	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Resources/Materials	
8.1.12.CS.4 8.1.12.AP.4 8.1.12.AP.5 8.1.12.AP.6 8.1.12.AP.8	 Students will be able to write Java programs and then apply that skill to affect a robot's behavior. The programming concepts to be covered are: basic syntax variables data types conditionals loops methods objects 	 As each new programming concept is presented a programming project will be assigned to test the students' proficiency. Programming assignments will be graded based on a rubric distributed at the beginning of the year which emphasizes product delivery, understanding, code maintence, and reusability. Students will also receive a bi-weekly grade evaluating career readiness skills. 	Replit.com First Tech Challenge Programming Resourses STEM Robotics	
Key Vocabulary	Progamming Language, Java, Flow Control,	Loops, Algorithm, Methods, Functions, Variables, Data Types	s, Comments	
Evidence of Learning	understanding, code maintence,	e graded based on a rubric distributed at the beginning of th and reusability. eekly grade evaluating career readiness skills.	ne year which emphasizes product delivery,	
Interdisciplinary Connections	grades 9–10 topics, texts, and is: having read and researched mat the topic or issue to stimulate a SL.9-10.1.C: Initiate and particip grades 9–10 topics, texts, and is: posing and responding to questi discussion; and clarify, verify, or Mathematics A.CED.A.1: Create equations and functions, and simple rational ar A.REI.D.10: Understand that the a curve (which could be a line). Science HS-PS3-3: Design, build, and refi HS-ETS1-2: Design a solution to a	bate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-o sues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clea erial under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by refe thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.* bate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-o sues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clea ons that relate the current discussion to broader themes or l challenge ideas and conclusions. d inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems and exponential functions. e graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into small	rly and persuasively. Come to discussions prepared, erring to evidence from texts and *other research on n-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on rly and persuasively. *Propel conversations* by larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the s. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic utions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming ne form of energy into another form of energy.	
Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion	Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88: Students will learn how various people, par LGBT and Disabilities Law: NJSA 18A: 34-4:	through engineering. Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88: Students will learn how various people, particularly people of African American descent, have contributed to the field of robotics. LGBT and Disabilities Law: NJSA 18A: 34-4:35: Students will learn about how robotics have impacted the lives of those with disabilities and other physical afflictions.		
Computer Science an Design Thinking	 8.1.12.CS.3: Compare the functions of application software, system software, and hardware. 8.1.12.CS.4: Develop guidelines that convey systemic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. 8.1.12.AP.3: Design and iteratively develop computational artifacts for practical intent, personal expression, or to address a societal issue. 8.1.12.AP.5: Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis using consructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects. 8.1.12.AP.6: Create artifacts by using procedures within a program, combinations of data and procedures, or independent but interrelated programs. 8.1.12.AP.8: Evaluate and refine computational artifacts to make them more usable and accessible. 			
Career Readiness, Lif Literacies, and Key Ski	9.4.12.Cl.2: Identify career pathways that h	ct, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas. ighlight personal talents, skills, and abilities. ased calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions abo	ut the data.	

		Differentiation		
Resources/Materials	ELL (English Language Learners) Provide translated notes and key vocabulary terms Provide images of key vocabulary terms and concepts Word banks Bilingual dictionaries Assistive translator technology Sentence frames Simplified notes Reduced homework Simplified word problems Graphic organizers Matched sentences or	Differentiation Special Education Display reminders Checklist of materials and tasks (printed out or digitally accessible) Timelines and Calendar for benchmark goals for assignments/assessments/short- term goals (Planner Microsoft) Assistive technology (dictation, immersive reader, etc) Flash cards Teacher notes Graphic organizer Clear parameters and student workspace	 At Risk Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Scaffolding assignments Chunking of materials Allow for errors Pre-teach materials 	 and techniques Student demoing and explanation Provide opportunities for students to set persona
	 Procedures with pictures Alternative presentation options 1-2 sentence short responses Shortened written assignments Modified tests Provide notes when student request Reduce project workload Short summaries 	 Timer to monitor task and duration Study guides Guided notes Choices for alternative assignments Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Visual cue or signs Rephrase of questions and directions Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online 	 Supply teacher demo Rephrase of questions and directions Visual cue or signs Small group assistance or collaboration Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online Guide with options for student goal setting Use of timer or a clock to monitor time of student activity 	 goals, keep records and monitor their own learn progress Multiple assessments gi in different domains, th showcase student interests, strengths, and needs Use multiple approache accelerate learning with and outside of the schoo setting Use enrichment options extend and deepen learning opportunities within and outside of th school setting Use individualized learn options such as mentorships, internship online courses, and independent study

	Unit II : Ro	bot Drivetrain (4 Weeks)		
Core Ideas	A computing system involves interacti Successful troubleshooting of complex drawing on past experiences. Engineering design is a complex proce	The usability, dependability, security, and accessibility of devices within integrated systems are important considerations in their design as they evolve. A computing system involves interaction among the user, hardware, application software, and system software. Successful troubleshooting of complex problems involves multiple approaches including research, analysis, reflection, interaction with peers, and drawing on past experiences. Engineering design is a complex process in which creativity, content knowledge, research, and analysis are used to address local and global problems. Decisions on trade-offs involve systematic comparisons of all costs and benefits, and final steps that may involve redesigning for optimization.		
Essential Questions	bad that these automated machines a Do robots have an important place in o How does the environment that the ro	How can autonomous robots be designed and used to perform manual and repetitive tasks safely? In the workforce? In the home? And is it good or bad that these automated machines are replacing human labor? Do robots have an important place in our world? Or will they one day take over like in apocalyptic movies? How does the environment that the robot will operate in affect design decisions?		
Enduring Understandir	The drivetrain serves not only as the m	neans of locomotion but also as the platform upon which a	ll other functionality will be installed.	
Practice	 Fostering an inclusive computing Developing and using abstraction Creating computational artifacts 			
Performance		d systems hide underlying implementation details to simpl	lify user experiences.	
Expectations	 Compare the functions of application Develop guidelines that convey state 	 Compare the functions of application software, system software, and hardware. Develop guidelines that convey systematic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. Use research to design and create a product or system that addresses a problem and make modifications based on input from potential 		
NJ Standards	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Resources/Materials	
8.1.12.CS.1 8.1.12.CS.2 8.1.12.CS.3 8.1.12.CS.4 8.2.12.ED.1	 Students will be able to: assemble all mechanical aspects of the drivetrain. wire the motors to the robot controller. program the robot to respond to joystick input or execute a set of preprogrammed instructions. 	 Students will build a working drivetrain for a robot. This will include completing all mechanical, electrical, and programming aspect of the drivetrain. 	First Tech Challenge Programming Resourses	
Key Vocabulary	· •	ick, Robot Controller, Driver Station, U-Channel, C-Channel	I, Extrusion, Bearing, Motor, Gears, Sprockets	
Evidence of Learning	5			
Interdisciplinary Connections	 English Language Arts SL.9-10.1.A: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers of grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. Come to discussions prephaving read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and *other resear the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.* SL.9-10.1.C: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers of grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. *Propel conversations* b posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. Mathematics A.CED.A.1: Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quafunctions, and simple rational and exponential functions. 		arly and persuasively. Come to discussions prepared, ferring to evidence from texts and *other research on on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on early and persuasively. *Propel conversations* by r larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the	
	 A.REI.D.10: Understand that the a curve (which could be a line). Science 	graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its so	lutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming	
	HS-PS3-3: Design, build, and refit	ne a device that works within given constraints to convert o	one form of energy into another form of energy.	

Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion Computer Science and Design Thinking Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Social Emotional Learning	 HS-ETS1-2: Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering. Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88: Students will learn how various people, particularly people of African American descent, have contributed to the field of robotics. LGBT and Disabilities Law: NJSA 18A: 34-4:35: Students will learn about how robotics have impacted the lives of those with disabilities and other physical afflictions. 8.1.12.CS.1: Describe ways in which integrated systems hide underlying implementation details to simplify user experiences. 8.1.12.CS.2: Model interactions between application software, system software, and hardware. 8.1.12.CS.4: Develop guidelines that convey systematic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. 8.2.12.ED.1: Use research to design and create a product or system that addresses a problem and make modifications based on input from potential customers. 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving. 9.4.12.CT.3: Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why solutions may work better than others (e.g., political. economic, cultural). 9.4.12.CT.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas. 			
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		Differentiation		
			At Diele	Fusielanest
Resources/Materials	ELL (English Language	Special Education	At Risk	Enrichment
	Learners)			
	 Provide translated notes and key vocabulary terms Provide images of key vocabulary terms and concepts Word banks Bilingual dictionaries Assistive translator technology Sentence frames Simplified notes Reduced homework Simplified word problems Graphic organizers Matched sentences or procedures with pictures Alternative presentation options 1-2 sentence short responses Shortened written assignments Modified tests Provide notes when student request Reduce project workload 	 Display reminders Checklist of materials and tasks (printed out or digitally accessible) Timelines and Calendar for benchmark goals for assignments/assessments/short- term goals (Planner Microsoft) Assistive technology (dictation, immersive reader, etc) Flash cards Teacher notes Graphic organizer Clear parameters and student workspace Timer to monitor task and duration Study guides Guided notes Choices for alternative assignments Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments 	 Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Scaffolding assignments Chunking of materials Allow for errors Pre-teach materials Supply teacher demo Rephrase of questions and directions Visual cue or signs Small group assistance or collaboration Partner or group work on skill development 	 Provide students with extra problem sets that challenge and involve higher level thinking Inquiry lead discussions and activities More complex tasks and projects Higher level questioning and techniques Student demoing and explanation Provide opportunities for students to set personal goals, keep records and monitor their own learning progress Multiple assessments given in different domains, that showcase student interests, strengths, and needs Use multiple approaches to accelerate learning within

Short sum	 Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Visual cue or signs Rephrase of questions and directions Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online 	 Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online Guide with options for student goal setting Use of timer or a clock to monitor time of student activity 	 and outside of the school setting Use enrichment options to extend and deepen learning opportunities within and outside of the school setting Use individualized learning options such as mentorships, internships, online courses, and independent study
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	Unit III : Interact	ing with the World (10 Weeks	s)	
Core Ideas	The accuracy of predictions or inferencesmade from a computer model is affected by the amount, quality, and diversity of the data. Individuals evaluate and select algorithms based on performance, reusability, and ease of implementation. Complex programs are designed as systems of interacting modules, each with a specific role, coordinating for a common overall purpose. Modules allow for better management of complex tasks. Engineering design is a complex process in which creativity, content knowledge, research, and analysis are used to address local and global problems. Decisions on trade-offs involve systematic comparisons of all costs and benefits, and final steps that may involve redesigning for optimization. Engineering design evaluation, a process for determining how well a solution meets requirements, involvs systematic comparisons between requirements, spedifications, and constraints.			
Essential Questions		Why is the relationship between sensors and robot design crucial to the successful implementation of an autonomus robot? How does robotic software interact with robotic hardware?		
Enduring Understanding	A robot is of limited or no use if it can	A robot is of limited or no use if it cannot interact with its environment.		
Practice	Recognizing and defining computation Developing and using abstractions.	Recognizing and defining computational problems. Developing and using abstractions.		
Performance Expectations	 process. Design algorithms to solve comp Select and combine control struct choice. Design and iteratively develop composition of the select to design and creat consumers. Evaluate several models of the selectiveness of a p safety, reliability, economic consumer consumers. 	 process. Design algorithms to solve computational problems using a combination of original and existing algorithms. Select and combine control structures for a specific application based upon performance and readability, and identify trade-offs to justify the choice. Design and iteratively develop computational artifacts for practical intent, personal expression, or to address a societal issue. Use research to design and create a product or system that addresses a problem and make modifications based on input from potential consumers. Evaluate several models of the same type of product and make recommendations for a new design based on a cost benefit analysis. 		
NJ Standards	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Resources/Materials	

8.1.12.DA.6 8.1.12.AP.1 8.1.12.AP.3 8.1.12.AP.4 8.2.12.ED.1 8.2.12.ED.3 8.2.12.ED.5 8.2.12.ED.6	 Students will be able to: assemble and attach a claw device to the robot. program the robot to manipulate objects in its environment. modify the robot to detect and avoid an obstacle based on proximity. modify and program the robot to make decisions based on color detected. Students will learn how to make their robot evaluate and interact with the world around them through a series of activities, which will require them to build and actuator that will move/manipulate objects in its vicinity identify objects based on color make decisions based on color measure distance to an object/impediment
Key Vocabulary	Sensor, Servo, i2c, Encoder, Linear Motion, Single Jointed Arm, Four Bar Linkage, Color Sensor, Distance Sensor, Touch Sensor, Object Oriented Programming
Evidence of Learning	 Robots will be built using a set of provided instructions and graded based on a rubric provided prior to the lesson. A set of activities will be assigned. Robots will be graded on their ability to complete these activities.
Interdisciplinary Connections	 English Language Arts SL.9-10.1.A: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and *other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.* SL.9-10.1.C: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. *Propel conversations* by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. Mathematics A.CED.A.1: Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions. A.REI.D.10: Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line). Science HS-PS3-3: Design, build, and refine a device that works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of energy. HS-ETS1-2: Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.
Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion	Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88: Students will learn how various people, particularly people of African American descent, have contributed to the field of robotics. LGBT and Disabilities Law: NJSA 18A: 34-4:35: Students will learn about how robotics have impacted the lives of those with disabilities and other physical afflictions.
Computer Science an	d 8.1.12.DA.6: Create and refine computational models to better represent the relationships among different elements of data collected from a phenomenon
Design Thinking	or process. 8.1.12.AP.1: Design algorithms to solve computational problems using a combination of original and existing algorithms. 8.1.12.AP.3: Select and combine control structures for a specific application based upon performance and readability, and identify trade-offs to justify the choice.
	 8.1.12.AP.4: Design and iteratively develop computational artifacts for practical intent, personal expression, or to address a societal issue. 8.2.12.ED.1: Use research to design and create a product or system that addresses a problem and make modifications based on input from potential consumers. 8.2.12.ED.3: Evaluate several models of the same type of product and make recommendations for a new design based on a cost benefit analysis. 8.2.12.ED.5: Evaluate the effectiveness of a product or system based on factors that are related to its requirements, specifications, and constraints (e.g., safety, reliability, economic considerations, quality control, environmental concerns, manufacturability, maintenance and repair, ergonomics). 8.2.12.ED.6: Analyze the effects of changing resources when designing a specific product or system (e.g., materials, energy, tools, capital, labor).

Literacies, and Key Skills	9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formu 9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving s 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential bene 9.4.12.CT.3: Collaborate with individua than others (e.g., political. economic, o RESPONSIBLE DECISION MAKING: As p	o reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and i ula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and d strategies used in the development of an inn- fits of collaborating to enhance critical think als to analyze a variety of potential solutions cultural). projects become more complex, it becomes n ts and consequences of those decisions for a	draw conclusions about the data. ovative product or practice. king and problem solving. to climate change effects and determ nore important to analyze data, facts	
		Differentiation		
Resources/Materials	ELL (English Language Learners)	Special Education	At Risk	Enrichment
	 Provide translated notes and key vocabulary terms Provide images of key vocabulary terms and concepts Word banks Bilingual dictionaries Assistive translator technology Sentence frames Simplified notes Reduced homework Simplified word problems Graphic organizers Matched sentences or procedures with pictures Alternative presentation options 1-2 sentence short responses Shortened written assignments Modified tests Provide notes when student request Reduce project workload Short summaries 	 Display reminders Checklist of materials and tasks (printed out or digitally accessible) Timelines and Calendar for benchmark goals for assignments/assessments/short- term goals (Planner Microsoft) Assistive technology (dictation, immersive reader, etc) Flash cards Teacher notes Graphic organizer Clear parameters and student workspace Timer to monitor task and duration Study guides Guided notes Choices for alternative assignments Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class- time work Visual cue or signs Rephrase of questions and directions Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online 	 Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Scaffolding assignments Chunking of materials Allow for errors Pre-teach materials Supply teacher demo Rephrase of questions and directions Visual cue or signs Small group assistance or collaboration Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online Guide with options for student goal setting Use of timer or a clock to monitor time of student activity 	 Provide students with extra problem sets that challenge and involve higher level thinking Inquiry lead discussions and activities More complex tasks and projects Higher level questioning and techniques Student demoing and explanation Provide opportunities for students to set personal goals, keep records and monitor their own learning progress Multiple assessments given in different domains, that showcase student interests, strengths, and needs Use multiple approaches to accelerate learning within and outside of the school setting Use enrichment options to extend and deepen learning opportunities within and outside of the school setting Use individualized learning options such as mentorships, internships,

		online courses, and independent study

	Unit IV : Capst	one Competition (16 Weeks)		
Core Ideas	A computing system involves interacti Successful troubleshooting of complex drawing on past experiences. Individuals evaluate and select algorit Programmers choose data structures to Complex programs are designed as system allow for better management of complex proce	and accessibility of devices within integrated systems are im ion among the user, hardware, application software, and sys x problems involves multiple approaches including research, hms based on performance, reusability, and ease of implement to manage program complexity based on functionality, stora stems of interacting modules, each with a specific role, coord plex tasks. sess in which creativity, content knowledge, research, and ana natic comparisons of all costs and benefits, and final steps th	tem software. analysis, reflection, interaction with peers, and entation. age, and performance trade-offs. dinating for a common overall purpose. Modules alysis are used to address local and global problems.	
Essential Questions	How can we understand the problem(How do we use algorithmic thinking to	How do multiple robotic systems interact when one robot is assigned multiple tasks? How can we understand the problem(s) of how our robot will compete in the game? How do we use algorithmic thinking to develop output based on input and processing? How do we use pseudocode to develop algorithms?		
Enduring Understandin	g In order to deliver a product on a sche agreed upon goal.	eduled timeline, all members of a team must be able to work	k independently while keeping in mind the final,	
Practice	 Forstering an inclusive computin Collaboration around computing Creating computational artifacts Testing and refining computation Communicating about computin 	and design nal artifacts		
Performance Expectations	 Describe ways in which integrated systems hide underlying implementation details to simplify user experiences. Model interactions between application software, system software, and hardware. Compare the functions of application software, system software, and hardware. Develop guidelines that convey systematic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. Design algorithms to solve computational problems using a combination of original and existing algorithms. Create generalized computational solutions using collections instead of repeatedly using simple variables. Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis, using constructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects. Create artifacts by using procedures within a program, combinations of data and procedures, or independent but interrelated programs. Communicate the function of a product or device. Select and use appropriate tools and materials to build a product using the design process. 			
NJ Standards	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Resources/Materials	

8.1.12.CS.1 8.1.12.CS.2 8.1.12.CS.3 8.1.12.CS.4 8.1.12.AP.1 8.1.12.AP.2 8.1.12.AP.5 8.1.12.AP.5 8.1.12.AP.6 8.2.12.ED.1 8.2.12.ED.3	Students will be able to: This last unit is a capstone project in the form of a First Tech Challenge Programming Resourses • decompose a complex problem into a series of simpler problems. Students will be presented with rules and objectives of a First Tech Challenge Programming Resourses • work in groups and each will be robot. Students will be presented with rules and objectives of a Students will be presented with rules and objectives of a Students will be presented with rules and objectives of a • work in groups and each will be robot. 12 to 14 week period. This then culminates in a class wide Students will be competition. • present a plan of action with timelines for completion. competition. Competition. Students will be a working robot with in a class wide
Key Vocabulary	Algorithms, Decomposition, Sequence, Iteration, Conditional, Flowcharts, Autonomous, Telemetry, Craftsmanship
Evidence of Learning	 Presentation of a plan of action. Periodic presentations of progress made. Maintaince of Engineering Notebook. Performance of robot in competition.
Interdisciplinary Connections	 English Language Arts SL.9-10.1.A: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and *other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.* SL.9-10.1.C: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. *Propel conversations* by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. Mathematics A.CED.A.1: Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational and exponential functions. A.REI.D.10: Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line). Science HS-PS3-3: Design, build, and refine a device that works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of energy. HS-PS3-3: Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.
Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion	Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88: Students will learn how various people, particularly people of African American descent, have contributed to the field of robotics. LGBT and Disabilities Law: NJSA 18A: 34-4:35: Students will learn about how robotics have impacted the lives of those with disabilities and other physical afflictions.
Computer Science an Design Thinking	 8.1.12.CS.1: Describe ways in which integrated systems hide underlying implementation details to simplify user experiences. 8.1.12.CS.2: Model interactions between application software, system software, and hardware. 8.1.12.CS.3: Compare the functions of application software, system software, and hardware. 8.1.12.CS.4: Develop guidelines that convey systematic troubleshooting strategies that others can use to identify and fix errors. 8.1.12.AP.1: Design algorithms to solve computational problems using a combination of original and existing algorithms. 8.1.12.AP.2: Create generalized computational solutions using collections instead of repeatedly using simple variables. 8.1.12.AP.5: Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis, using constructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects. 8.1.12.AP.6: Create artifacts by using procedures within a program, combinations of data and procedures, or independent but interrelated programs. 8.2.12.ED.1: Communicate the function of a product or device. 8.2.12.ED.3: Select and use appropriate tools and materials to build a product using the design process.

Literacies, and Key Skills	 9.4.12. IL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data. 9.4.12. IL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data. 9.4.12. CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice. 9.4.12. CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving. 9.4.12. CT.3: Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why solutions may work better than others (e.g., political. economic, cultural). 					
By working in groups and assigning ownership of different building tasks to each student, in order to succeed students will have to take into account and respect the point of view and design choices of their peers.						
Resources/Materials	ELL (English Language Learners)	Differentiation Special Education	At Risk	Enrichment		
	 Provide translated notes and key vocabulary terms Provide images of key vocabulary terms and concepts Word banks Bilingual dictionaries Assistive translator technology Sentence frames Simplified notes Reduced homework Simplified word problems Graphic organizers Matched sentences or procedures with pictures Alternative presentation options 1-2 sentence short responses Shortened written assignments Modified tests Provide notes when student request Reduce project workload Short summaries 	 Display reminders Checklist of materials and tasks (printed out or digitally accessible) Timelines and Calendar for benchmark goals for assignments/assessments/short- term goals (Planner Microsoft) Assistive technology (dictation, immersive reader, etc) Flash cards Teacher notes Graphic organizer Clear parameters and student workspace Timer to monitor task and duration Study guides Guided notes Choices for alternative assignments Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class- time work Visual cue or signs Rephrase of questions and directions Partner or group work on skill development 	 Students are asked to come for extra help to review/retake assessment and homework assignments Students are allowed time and a half on assessments Provide the student with frequent check-ins during class-time work Scaffolding assignments Chunking of materials Allow for errors Pre-teach materials Supply teacher demo Rephrase of questions and directions Visual cue or signs Small group assistance or collaboration Partner or group work on skill development Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online Guide with options for student goal setting Use of timer or a clock to monitor time of student activity 	 Provide students with extra problem sets that challenge and involve higher level thinking Inquiry lead discussions and activities More complex tasks and projects Higher level questioning and techniques Student demoing and explanation Provide opportunities for students to set personal goals, keep records and monitor their own learning progress Multiple assessments given in different domains, that showcase student interests, strengths, and needs Use multiple approaches to accelerate learning within and outside of the school setting Use enrichment options to extend and deepen learning opportunities within and outside of the school setting Use individualized learning options such as mentorships, internships, 		

	 Assistance by instructional videos or curated videos online 	online courses, and independent study